Functional MRI at the NIH

Peter A. Bandettini, Ph.D.

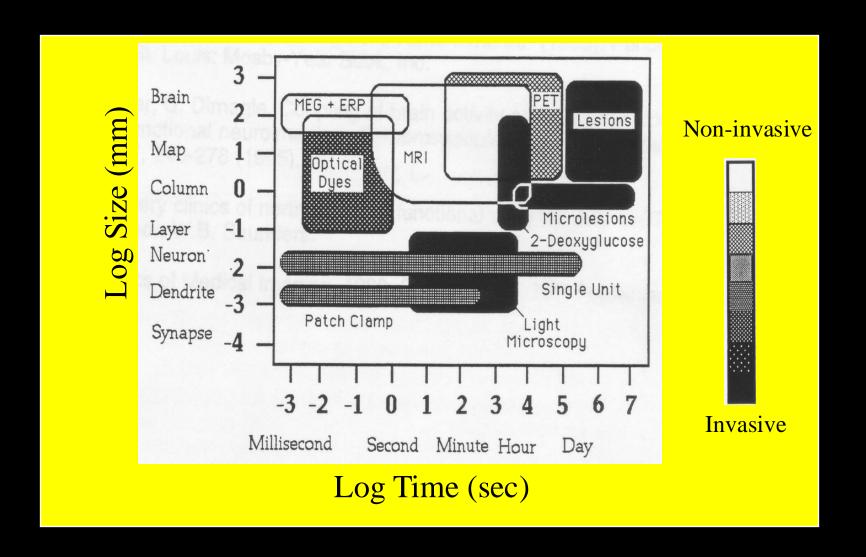
bandettini@nih.gov

Functional MRI Facility, NIMH/NINDS &

Unit on Functional Imaging Methods Laboratory of Brain and Cognition, NIMH

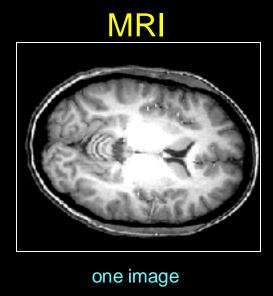
Venography T1 weighted T2 weighted **Fiber Track Imaging Anatomy Angiography Perfusion**

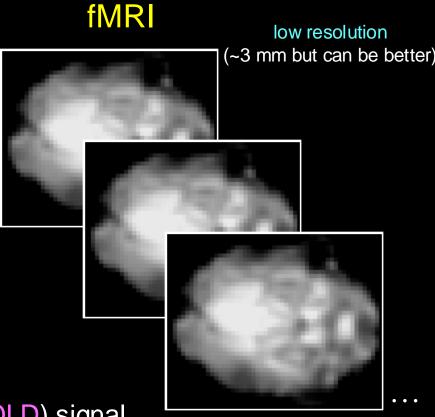
Functional Neuroimaging Techniques



MRI vs. fMRI

high resolution (1 mm)





many images

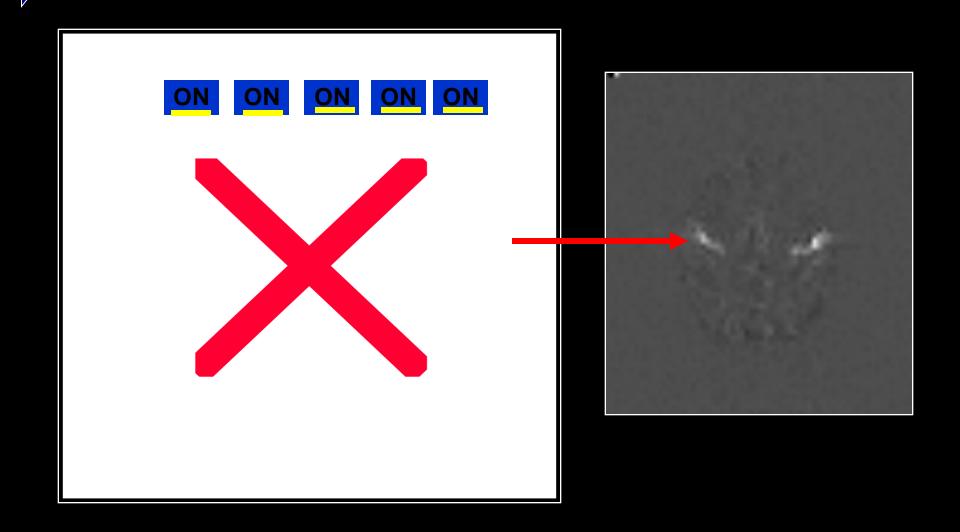
(e.g., every 2 sec for 5 mins)

fMRI

Blood Oxygenation Level Dependent (BOLD) signal indirect measure of neural activity

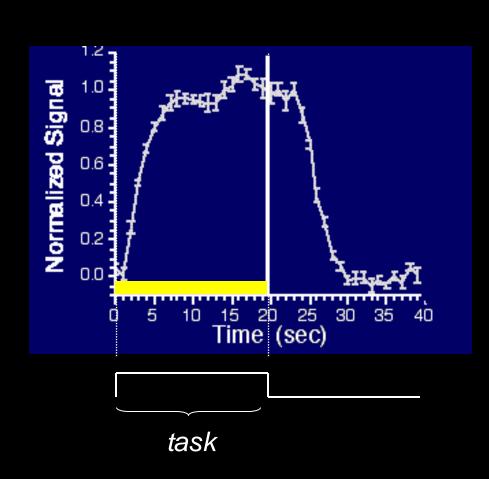
↑ neural activity → ↑ blood oxygen → ↑ fMRI signal

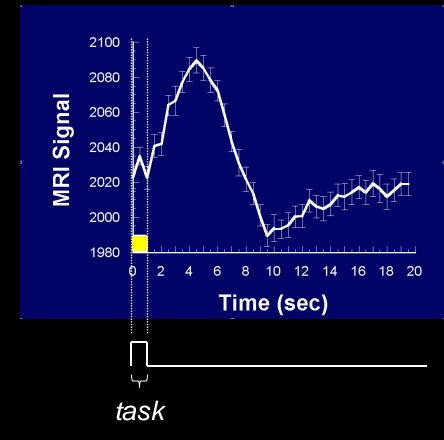
Motor Cortex Activation



The FMRI Signal

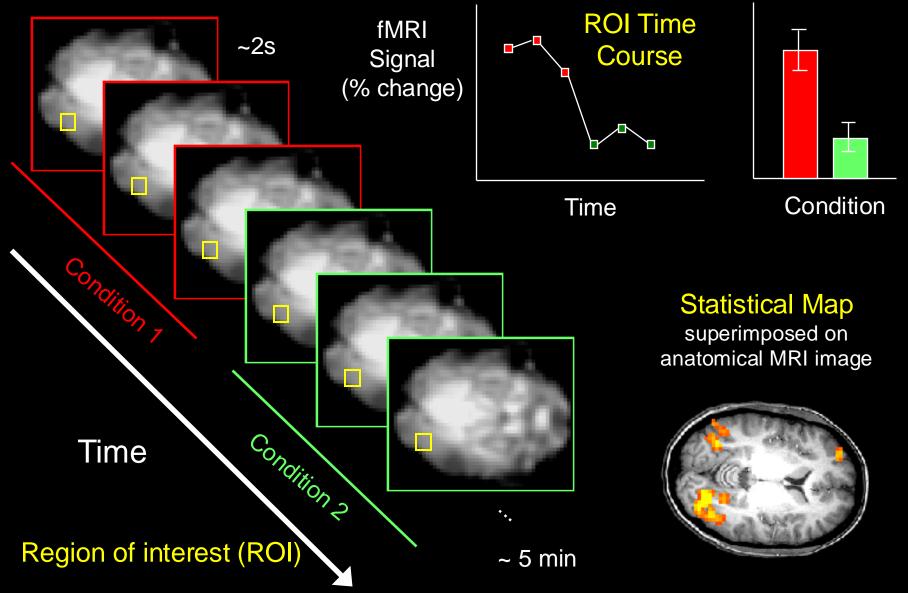
Based on Local Blood Flow Response in the Brain

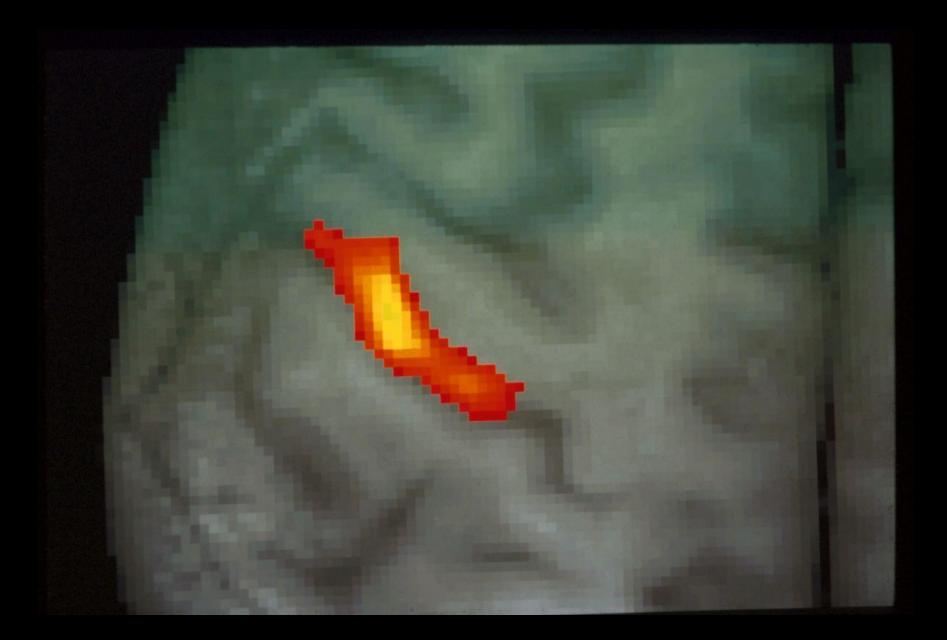


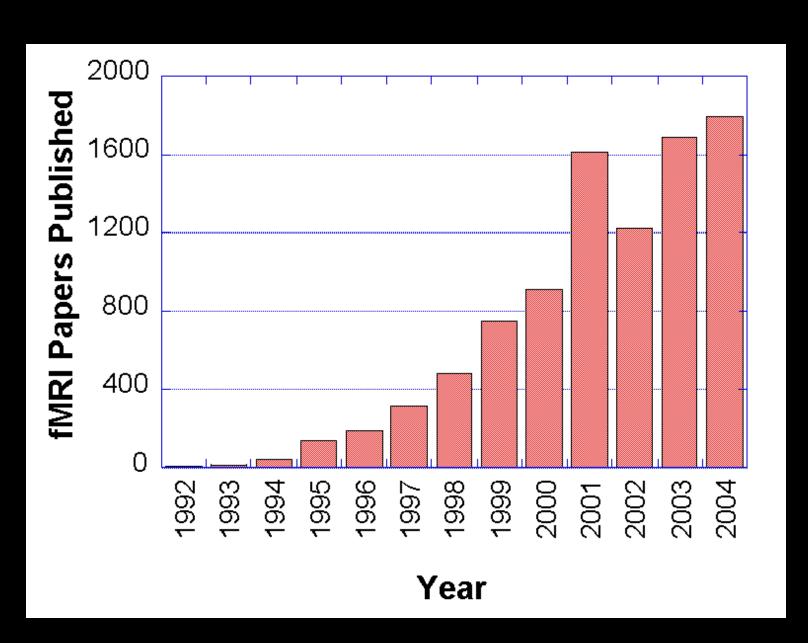


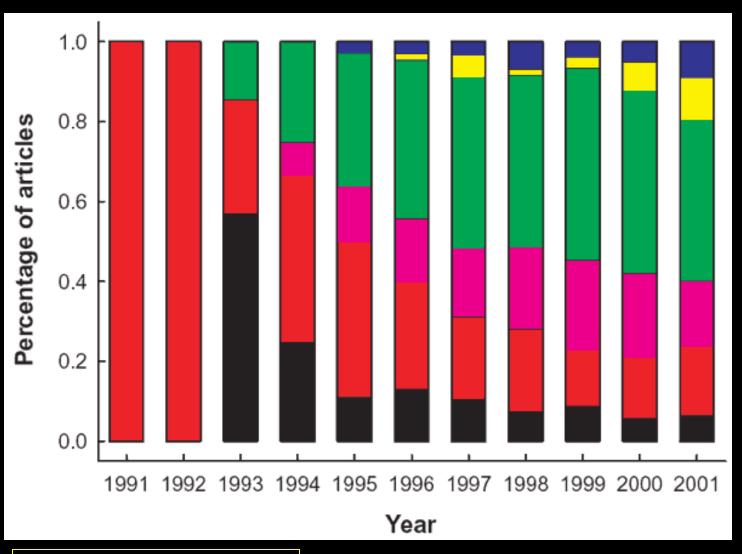
Activation Statistics

Functional images









Motor (black)
Primary Sensory (red)
Integrative Sensory (violet)
Basic Cognition (green)
High-Order Cognition (yellow)
Emotion (blue)

J. Illes, M. P. Kirschen, J. D. E. Gabrielli, Nature Neuroscience, 6 (3)m p.205

Current Uses of fMRI

Understanding normal brain organization and changes

- -networks involved with specific tasks (low to high level processing)
- -changes over time (seconds to years)
- -correlates of behavior (response accuracy, performance changes...)

Clinical research

- -correlates of specifically activated networks to clinical populations
- -presurgical mapping
- -epileptic foci mapping
- -drug effects

Potential uses of fMRI

Complementary use for clinical diagnosis

-utilization of clinical research results

Clinical treatment and assessment

-drug, therapy, rehabilitation, biofeedback

Non clinical uses

- -complementary use with behavioral results
- -lie detection
- -prediction of behavior tendencies (many contexts)
- -brain/computer interface (potentially clinical)

Principle Investigators:

NIMH:

Peter Bandettini, Ph.D.

Karen Berman, M.D.

James Blair, Ph.D.

Robert Cohen, M.D., Ph.D.

Christian Grillon, Ph.D.

Wayne Drevets, M.D.

Ellen Liebenluft, M.D.

Daniel Pine, M.D.

Jun Shen, Ph.D.

Leslie Ungerleider, Ph.D.

Daniel Weinberger, M.D.

NINDS:

Leonardo Cohen, M.D. Jeff Duyn, Ph.D.

Jordan Graffman, Ph.D.

Mark Hallet, Ph.D.

Alan Koretsky, Ph.D.

Chrsity Ludlow, Ph.D.

NIAAA:

Daniel Hommer, M.D.

NICHD:

Peter Basser, Ph.D. Allen Braun, M.D.

Topics Studied with fMRI at the NIH

- Epilepsy
- Visual processing
- Mood disorders
- Learning
- Habituation
- Plasticity/Recovery
- Motor Function
- Auditory processing
- Attention
- Language
- •Speech
- Stroke
- Social Interaction
- Development
- Aging
- Genetics
- Decision making
- Mood disorders

Scanners:

"3T-1" GE 3T (June 2000)

"3T-2" GE 3T (Nov 2002)

"FMRIF 1.5T" GE 1.5T (Sept 2004)

Currently being Cited GE 3T (Aug 2003)



1.5T

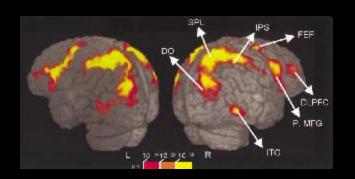


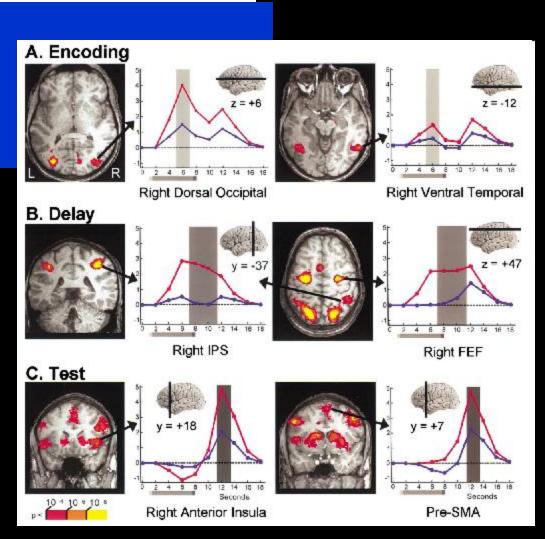


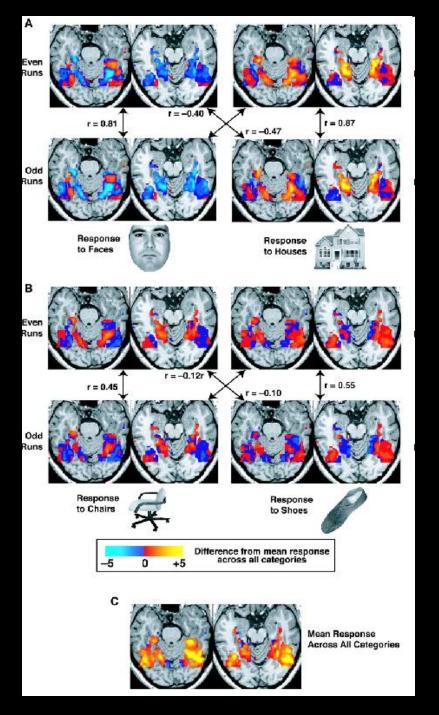
3T-1 3T-2

Neural Correlates of Visual Working Memory: fMRI Amplitude Predicts Task Performance

Luiz Pessoa,¹ Eva Gutierrez, Peter A. Bandettini, and Leslie G. Ungerleider Laboratory of Brain and Cognition National Institute of Mental Health National Institutes of Health Bethesda, Maryland 20892



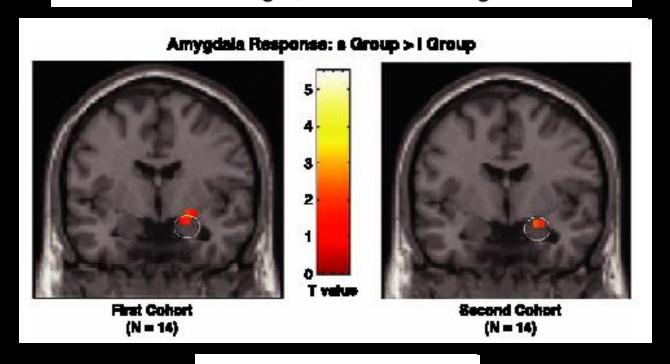




Haxby et al (2001)

Serotonin Transporter Genetic Variation and the Response of the Human Amygdala

Ahmad R. Hariri, Venkata S. Mattay, Alessandro Tessitore, Bhaskar Kolachana, Francesco Fera, David Goldman, Michael F. Egan, Daniel R. Weinberger



Who we are

Unit on Functional Imaging Methods

Peter Bandettini (Physics/Physiology/Neuroscience...)

Rasmus Birn (Physics)

David Knight (Neuroscience)

Anthony Boemio (Physics/Neuroscience)

Niko Kriegeskorte (Psychology/Statistics)

Natalia Petridou (Biomedical Engineering)

Ilana Levy (Psychology)

Hanh Nguyen (Neuroscience)

FMRI Core Facility

Jerzy Bodurka (Physics)

Sean Marrett (Neuroscience)

Frank Ye (Physics)

Wen-Ming Luh (Physics)

Adam Thomas (Computers/Neurosci)

Karen Bove-Bettis (MR Tech)

Paula Rowser (MR Tech)

Alda Ottley (MR Tech)